HANNA HAD PERFECT CONTROL OF GHIO REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Effort Was Made to Throw Grosvenor Overboard, but Marcus Aurelius's "Nay" Was Heeded.

NO BREAKS IN EITHER SLATE

DESPITE A STRONG FIGHT BY BUSH-NELL'S FOLLOWERS.

State Ticket and Delegates Chosen-An Eulogistic McKinley Platform Adopted.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25 .- The Republic-

an State ticket: Secretary of state-LEWIS C. LAYLIN. preme judge-JOHN A. SHAUCK. Board of public works-CHARLES

GODDARD. commmissioner-L. BONEBRAKE. Dairy and food commissioner-J. E BLACKBURN. Presidential electors at large-COL. MY-RON T. HERRICK, GEN. W. P. ORR.

B. FORAKER, GOVERNOR GEORGE K. NASH, GEN. CHARLES DICK, GEN. CHARLES GROSVENOR. Alternates at large-HON. CHARLES HON. W. C. BROWN, GEORGE A. MY-FOSTER, HON. MYRON O. NORRIS,

The Republican State convention here today was really a Presidential occasion. The personnel of the delegates and alternates at large represent close personal as well as political friends of the President and the platform is just as it came from Washington, with the addition of the anti-trust resolution and the omission of the Porto Rican resolution.

The so-called "Hanna slate" on delegates and alternates at large and the State ticket went through without any breaks. There was, however, opposition to Food Commissioner Blackburn because he was run ning for a third term and for other local reasons and to General Grosvenor for delegate from the friends of ex-Governor

When former Governor Bushnell opposed the election of Hanna three years ago General Grosvenor wrote a letter to a former client who was then an applicant for that letter was revived at this convention. Then there were others in the convention to whom the Bushnell men cailed attention to the fact that General Grosvenor was a delegate at large four years ago and he had been district delegate to national conventions ever since the Republican party had existed. At this convention they charged that he was more than the chairman of the committee or resolutions; that he had brought the platform with him and had successfully resisted any material revision.

The efforts of the Bushnell men to substitute some one in place of Grosvenor made an unusually interesting scene. It was opened by Judge Gilbert H. Stewart, of Columbus, who had spent the night opposing General Grosvenor in the committee on resolutions, on which they were both members, but it reached its climax when J. Frank McGrew, ex-representative and son-in-law of former Governor Bushnell, was speaking on his amendment to strike out Grosvenor and insert Hanna. McGrew eulogized Manna, whom he has heretofore opposed, and said the Democrats would make capital out of the action of the Republicans of the President's State if Senator Hanna was not made one of "the big

When Senator Hanna was finally called to the front of the platform the speech of ex-Representative McGrew caused the senator to preclaim emphatically: "What do I care what the Democrats say about me?" While the senator's speech to-day was on state affairs, and especially on factional and personal preferences, it was delivered with more force and feeling than his address of yesterday. In declining to be delegate he delivered a phillippic against what he termed expediencies.

When Senator Hanna said ne would not serve as a delegate there was a motion to strike out Grosvenor and insert Foster. The Bushnell men formerly had not been friendly with Charles Foster, ex-Governor and ex-secretary of the treasury, but today it was with them anybody to beat Grosvenor. Foster has in recent speeches eral thrusts at Hanna and Grosvenor, and when he stepped to the front of the platform he said he declined because he "would not want to break the of Great Britain, in which he urges a Ohio from Washington."

was offered by ex-Senator Massle, of Gros- liberal movement known as Americanism. venor's congressional district, and the A copy of Archbishop Ireland's letter has venor plan to avoid balloting. As soon as with the opportunity before the Catholic this resolution was adopted General Grosvenor offered a resolution just like it by it lays special emphasis on the fact which the four alternates at large were that the English language is circling also selected in a bunch, without any of the forms of presenting names or ballot-

turned to Washington to-night, Governor Nash left for Boston and Senator Hanna | daily becoming broader and plainer, that for Cleveland. The latter will not leave | English-speaking countries are constantly for Washington till Saturday. The con- growing with a speed that nothing seems vention was unusually harmonious, with the exception of the personal fights made | fluence. I certainly shall not belittle the on Grosvenor and Blackburn, both of whom

THE OHIO PLATFORM.

President McKinley and His Adminis-

tration Strongly Indorsed. COLUMBUS, O., April 25.-The convention reassembled at 10:20 a. m. Prayer was offered by Rev. John Hewett. The reports of the committees were adopted, including the one making the temporary organization permanent. Chairman R. M. Nevin, without further speech making proceeded to dispatch business. The committee on credentials found the only contest in Washington county and reported in favor of Burke, counsel for James Corrigan in the seating both delegations, with each having latter's million-dollar suit against John D. one-half vote. Ex-Representative Taylor, Rockefeller, in his argument before Judge who led the opposition, insisted that this Lamson to-day in favor of the reopening of report would be like Congress allowing the case, stated that the capital stock of Roberts, of Utah, one-fourth vote and his three wives each one-fourth vote. Taylor's der the call of the State committee and unseat the contestants carried-yeas, 455; nays, 358.

General C. H. Grosvenor, of the committee on resolutions then reported the following platform, which was adopted.

"The Republicans of Ohio, in convention nbled, hereby renew their faith in and all respects the true principles of the said the arbitrators were guilty of techparty passed into law the Dingley tariff conference in the absence of the third. Corrigan seeks to have the case reopened The foreign trade of the United States is and a new trial granted.

to-day greater and more profitable than ever before and in this field of effort the United States is outstripping all the nations

'We cordially indorse the wise and patriotic administration of President Mc-Kinley, whose signal achievements in war and peace, in statesmanship and diplomacy, mark an epoch in the history of the Nation, and whose brilliant success justifies and demands in the highest interests of the country the uninterrupted continuance through another term of his great but uncompleted work. Confronting unprecedented requirements at home and unexampled responsibilities abroad, he has met them with a courage, fidelity and strength which have given him an enduring place in the confidence and affection of his

"Every pledge of his administration has been faithfully redeemed. It has dispelled ong business depression, restored the protection of American labor and industry. reawakened universal confidence, re-established a prosperity unparalled, assured to labor the steadlest employment and the highest pay, opened new fields of enterprise and new markets for trade. It has brought to agriculture a better condition than for many years, fixed the gold standard upon firm foundations of law and made our national currency larger in volume and sure in value, and lifted our national credit

to the highest plane any nation has ever "In the broader field of world duty and influence it has met an unavoidable war for humanity with unequaled vigor and success; has crowned the matchless triumph of our arms on sea and land with the courageous acceptance of its high and solemn obligations; has faithfully studied and sought equally the true honor of the Nation and the greatest good of the peoples who have come under our flag, and has through the wise use of expanded opportunity led our country on pathways of

greatness and renown. "We reaffirm the principle in which the Republican party had its birth and on which Abraham Lincoln was elected President; that the representatives of the Delegates at large-SENATOR JOSEPH people have full power over territory belonging to the United States, in harmony with and subject to the fundamental safeguards of our free institutions for liberty. justice and personal rights. We sustain the President and Congress in exercising this power with due regard for the safety and welfare of the Union, and with the most just, generous, humane and fraternal consideration for those over whom the authority of the Nation is extended. We advocate for them free schools, full security for life, liberty and property, the most liberal measures for the development of their agriculture and industry, and the at large. largest degree of local self-rule for which they are fitted. We have faith in American patriotism, character and capacity, and we know that American government will extend the inestimable blessing of freedom, law and civilization to the peoples who are brought under our protection. "The provision of the treaty of Paris, of the United States unquestioned sovereignty over those islands, to be exercised for securing to the people thereof the blessings of liberty and law, opened for those people the only possible pathway of escape

rom the oppression and placed them on the road to enlightenment and civilization. We approve the wisdom and humanity of the President in negotiating the treaty, of the Senate in confirming it by a two-thirds majority and of the Congress n appropriating the sum of twenty million dollars provided therein to be paid by an almost unanimous vote. The sovereignty thus deliberately assumed by the conjoint action of the great treaty and lawmaking powers of the United States, it was the duty of the executive to maintain, and we approve the vigor, the wisdom and the uccess with which President McKinley has performed that duty, and the fortitude and sm of the soldiers and sailors of the United States through whom it was performed. That sovereignty must not be reoudiated; and that high purpose of its origin must be accomplished in the establish-

the Philippine islands. "The thanks and approbation of the Republicans of Ohio are due and are hereby endered to Senators Foraker and Hanna and the fifteen Republican congressmen from Ohio, who stood unflinchingly for Reiblican principles. They have supported and sustained the administration of President McKinley, and we hereby indorse and ratify their public acts as our representa-

ment of peace and order and the blessings

"We reaffirm our previous declaration in favor of such legislation by Congress as will encourage and promote a United States and American owned and American ships may regain and retain the carrying of

her foreign commerce. "The Republican party of Ohio stands ommitted to legislative and executive opposition to the threatening combinations of capital that seek to restrict competition and stifle independent producers; we invite within our borders the capitalistic investnents that are material to the industrial developments of the State and the largest employment of labor, but we insist that injurious combinations shall be forbidden and so-called trusts shall be so regulated from time to time and be so restricted as to guarantee immunity from hurtful monop oly and assure fair treatment and protecion to all competing industries.' The platform strongly indorses the administration of Governor Nash, and the last Ohio Legislature and declares for a

uniform system of municipal government. The State ticket and delegates were then chosen, and the convention adjourned sine

LETTER FROM IRELAND.

The Archbishop Urges a United Anglo-Saxon Propaganda.

NEW YORK, April 25 .- The Herald tomorrow will say: "Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, has written a letter to the Duke of Norfolk, president of the Catholic Union united Anglo-Saxon Catholic propagan The resolution making Foraker, Nash, the letter had reached the Vatican, where Bushnell men charged that it was the Gros- just been received here. It deals at length Church in English-speaking countries, and the globe. All this, the archbishop points out, cannot be too strongly impressed upon the authorities of the General Dick and General Grosvenor re- | church. 'It is a broad, plain fact in the geography of the world,' he says, 'a fact able to arrest in territory and in inspheres of influence of language other than the English, or deny in the least the importance to the church of countries speaking these languages; let due place be given to all agencies in the great work of religion.' However, he proposes a new mission for the English-speaking countries and urges that greater efforts be node to spread the Catholic religion in English-speaking countries."

CORRIGAN-ROCKEFELLER SUIT.

Judge Burke Wants It Reopened. Charging Rockefeller with Fraud.

CLEVELAND, April 25 .- Judge Stevenson the Standard Oil Company was \$55,000,000 Matthew Stanley Quay, as a member of aged seventy-five. He was an intimate when his client purchased his shares, but motion to seat the delegates selected un- that it has grown to \$147,500,000. This his constitutional authority. We deplore revenue at this port. One of Mr. Mack's statement was challenged by Virgil P. Kline, counsel for the Standard Oil Company, who asserted that the capital stock of the company was now only \$97,500,000.

Kline admitted that the Standard Company has \$35,000,000 surplus. Resuming his argument, Judge Burke said that Rockefeller had been guilty of pressed will of a large majority of the etta, O., and Syracuse, N. Y., for long penothing less than fraud in concealing and legiance to the declaration of principles | misrepresenting the true value of Stand- | confidence in Senator Quay's leadership ade by the Republican party at St. Louis and Oil shares placed in his hands as se- | and we believe in his political and personal a 1896, and declare to-day the same to be curity for a loan to Corrigan. Judge Burke integrity. A great wrong has been done respects the true principles of the said the arbitrators were guilty of tech- him which the people will right at the lican party. Under its wise and be- nical misconduct in their hearing of the proper time and therefore we urge and ininistration the Republican case, inasmuch as two of them often held

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS IN F. VOR OF HIS RE-ELECTION.

Plank Upholding Action of the Gove nor in Appointing a Senator Placed in Platform.

FLYNN PROTEST FROM MR.

WHO WAS HISSED AND JEERED BY FRIENDS OF THE EX-SENATOR.

Delegates Instructed for McKinley and His Administration Commended-Ticket and Platform.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 25.-The Republican State convention, which was held in this city to-day, cordially indorsed the administration of President William Mc-Kinley and instructed the delegates to the national convention at Phildelphhia to support his candidacy for renomination. The convention also declared in favor of the election of United States senators in the same manner that State officers are elected; indorsed Senator Penrose, the administration of Governor Stone and other State officials, and pledged its "hearty and cordial support" of M. S. Quay for reelection to the United States Senate. The convention also nominated Senator S. B. Hardenburg, of Wayne county, for auditor general and Galusha A. Grow, of Susquehanna county, and Robert E. Foorderer, of Philadelphia, for congressmen

The indorsement of Colonel Quay was opposed by Senator William Flynn, of Pittsburg, the leader of the anti-Quay Republicans in the last Legislature. Mr. Flynn explained that he was in sympathy with the platform in everything except which took from Spain her title to the this plank and moved that it be stricken out. His motion was defeated and the platform was adopted as reported from committee.

Henry W. Olliver was elected chairman by acclamation. He said it was the first convention he has attended since 1872, when the "Great Grant" was as certain of hi nomination and election as President Mc Kinley. Continuing he said: "No special organization, no sectional division of our party should or will, when cool judgment obtains, stand in the way of the will of the Republicans of Pennsylvania. I de sire to impress the plainness of our duty in presenting a solid body, without friction in our ranks, to the support of the adminis tration of President McKinley. No President since Lincoln has had such responsibility in handling new, untried and important matters. He deserves our confidence, our help and our support. McKinley the volunteer, the politician, the mar of individual liberty among the peoples of the people, was, fortunately for the country, the statesman in control when

the war was forced upon us." The convention let out the first big yel when Senator Penrose arose to present formal resolution providing for a committee on resolutions to which all resolutions shall be referred

JEERS AND HISSES. Senator William Flynn, of Allegheny, the leader of the anti-Quay forces, offered merchant marine, so that American built | three resolutions, prepared by Quay's opponents. The first was read without creatgreeted with jeers and hisses so that not a dozen delegates knew what the clerk was reading. The first two resolutions referred to the prevalence of election frauds and made the penalty not less than ten years' imprisonment and disfranchisement. The third favored the election of United States senators by the people. The three Flynn resolutions were not considered by the committee. While the latter was in presidential electors were announced

Nomination of candidates followed. Sen tor Hardenbergh was nominated for auditor general by G. E. Hause, of Hawley. For congressman at large, Mr. Grow was nominated by Frank Wheaton, of Wilkesbarre; Mr. Arnold was named by W. C. Miller, of Clearfield; Dr. Flood by General Charles Miller, of Franklin; Robert H. Foorderer, of Philadelphia, by ex-Speaker

Senator Penrose, as chairman, read th

platform as agreed to by the committee on

resolutions. It reaffirms the last national Republican platform. A comparison drawn between what is termed the deplorable conditions prevailing at the clo of the Cleveland administration and the largely attended. industrial activity and financial security at the close of the present administration. Continuing it indorses the present admin istration and instructs the national dele-For the national defense, for the reinforcement of the navy, for the enlargement of our foreign markets for the employment of American workmen in the mines, fo A cablegram from Rome recently stated ests, farms, mills, factories and shipyards the immediate enactment of legislation similar to that favorably reported to each American built, American owned and American manned ships may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce. money question no longer disturbs conditions and adds that the gold standard is now accepted as the monetary unit of

> The election of United States senators by the people is favored, and an amendment to the federal constitution to that effect is demanded. STONE'S ACTION UPHELD.

lief in the political and personal integrity of ex-Senator Quay and records its firm point him to a seat in the United States Senate. Senator Penrose is also commended. The resolutions say:

"The election of the United States senators by the Legislature of different States. as provided in the federal Constitution. has been attended, of late years, with so locks and failures to elect that the Senate has lost, in many instances, the confidence of the people and frequently a State | ceedings by the prisoner's counsel. fails of representation therein contrary stitution and the will of the people. We declare, therefore, that the time has come is not favored by the great masses of the people. We declare in favor of an amendment to the federal Constitution which shall provide for the election of United manner as other State officials are elecat large to the Republican national convention from Pennsylvania to offer and support this resolution in the convention of 1900.

"We again record our firm conviction that in the appointment of the Hon. the United States Senate from Pennsyl- friend of President Lincoln, and during vania, Governor Stone was acting within the action of the United States Senate in denying us the right of full representation | 1885 and died in 1896. to which we are entitled under the federal Constitution. We still contend that the Harris, pastor of the St. Clair-avenue Con-Governor had constitutional authority gregational Church, died of pneumonia to make the appointment and in selecting early this morning. The deceased was the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay he was acting in accordance with the clearly ex- ing been located in Cincinnati and Mari-Republicans of the State. We express our riods. He was born in Medina, N. Y., in sist that the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay shall be a candidate for re-election to the guayra reports that the Colombian revolu-

tinguished ability and fidelity, and to this end we pledge him our hearty and cordial

Ballot laws favoring a secret and honest ballot are urged and in addition legisla-tion enabling the courts to open ballot boxes upon proper complaints of citizens. After Senator Penrose had read the platform and moved the adoption Senator Flynn was recognized. There was a disposition to howl Mr. Flynn down, but the chairman insisted on fair play and there was little disposition after that to interrupt the Pittsburg senator. Mr. Flynn opposed that plank advocating Mr. Quay's re-election because he was not instructed by his constituents to approve his candidacy. "We don't intend to support Colonel Quay." he said. "We believe he has entirely disappeared from the United States Senate." He then moved all references to Mr. Quay's candidacy be stricken out and demanded a roll call. The motion was lost-280 to 69. As delegates at large Senator Quay, ex-Senator Charles A. Porter and James Elverson of Philadelphia, B. W. Green of Emporium, ex-Congressman John H. Leisinring of Wilkesbarre, Congressman William Connell of Scranton, State Chairman Frank Reeder of Easton and J. B. Steele of Westmoreland were unaimously elected. The following were also chosen unani-

Alternates at large-J. Preston Thomas, Chester; W. E. Rice, Warren; C. Barclay, Cameron; Edward A. Price, Delaware; M. E. Lilley, Bradford; W. C. Krepps, Frank-lin; Jesse L. Hartman, Blair; Dr. C. George Edward Reed, Cumberland. Electors at large-Clarence Wolf, Philadelphia; Frank H. Buhl, Mercer; A. B. Roberts, Montgomery; W. C. Arnold, Clear-

The secretary of the convention cast the ballot for Senator Hardenbergh for auditor Balloting for congressmen at large then began, and Foorderer and Grow were nominated

FILIPINOS SLAIN

SURROUNDED BY AMERICANS IN SOUTH CAMARINES PROVINCE.

Were Armed with Bolos, While General Bell's Troops Were Assisted by Three Maxims.

MANILA, April 25, 6:20 p. m.-Officers who have arrived here from Nueva Caceras, province of South Camarines, bring eighty Filipinos were killed. The Amer- revolution-a new order of things. ican outposts reported 300 natives assembled three miles from the town and General Bell sent three detachments of the Forty-fifth, with two Maxims, who nearly surrounded the Filipinos, the majority of who were armed with bolos and wore carabao hide helmets, coats and shields. The Filipinos were quickly put to flight, leaving the field strewn with armor. Their riflemen were unable to shoot straight, the bolo men never got near enough to the Americans to do any execution. Therefore none of the Americans were wounded. Lieutenant Balch, with twenty cavalry-

men from the Thirty-seventh Regiment,

cornered fifty bolomen in a river and shot

every one, the bodies floating away. One

soldier had his head struck off with a General Bell's two regiments are hard worked in clearing the country. They meet with many small squads of bolomen and last week killed a total of 125. A squadron of the Eleventh Cavalry is about leaving Manila on board the transport Lennox to re-enforce them. The insurgents keep the province in a state of terror and are wreaking vengeance on natives who trade with the Americans, burning many villages, including the populous town

General Bell has issued a proclamation declaring that he will retaliate relentlessly unless this guerrilla warfare ceases and ing much comment. The other two were that he will burn all the towns which har-

bor guerrillas. In a fight at Sorgogon, Albay province, on April 16, three companies of the Fortyseventh infantry, Captain Gordon commanding, routed a large force of insurgents, mostly bolomen, killing fifty-three. The plans of General Otis have not been announced, but it is understood he intends to sail on the Mead or Grant early in May. session the names of twenty-eight district | He will be accompanied by his staff, and will probably visit Hong-Kong and other

> ports. Burial of a Kentucky Soldier.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 25.-The remains of Lieutenant John B. Galleher, who was killed in the Philippines, were buried at Cave Hill Cemetery this afternoon with military honors. In the funeral procession were several hundred members of the First Kentucky Volunteers, who served with Lieutenant Galleher during the Spanish war. Bishop Dudley conducted the services at Christ Church Cathedral, which were

CARTER GOING TO PRISON.

Army Officer En Route to the Leavenworth Penitentiary.

NEW YORK, April 25.-Oberlin M. Carter, once a captain in the United States Grosvenor and Dick the delegates at large it is regarded as an effort to revive the branch of Congress is demanded, so that corps of engineers, was a passenger tonight on a parlor car of the Pennsylvania Railroad train No. 7, Southwestern ex-The country is congratulated that the press. In charge of an armed guard, he is being taken to the military prison at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., where he will serve out what remains of his sentence of five years' imprisonment for embezzlement. He did not falter until the train began to

move. The mandate of the United States Su-The convention declared its continued be- preme Court in its decision of Monday which dismissed Carter's appeal was at noon before Judge Lacombe in the United conviction of the Governor's right to ap- | State Circuit Court, and it was at once made operative. Before 1 o'clock orders for the removal of the prisoner to Leavenworth were promulgated by General Merritt and at 7 o'clock to-night, under circumstances of extraordinary precaution and secrecy, he was put aboard a Pennsylmany charges of corruption, delays, dead- vania train. It was explained that this was done to frustrate further legal pro-

Carter was escorted by First Lieutenant to the intent of the framers of the Con- F. R. Harker, of the Fifteenth United States Infantry, Corporal Poteet and three to change the system which has not met | privates of the regiment. They were in the expectation of its founders and which full uniform. The privates carried only side arms. Carter bore himself well. The party was taken away from Governor's Island in a naphtha launch, which made States senators by the people in the same directly for the station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, having a narrow escape ted, and we hereby instruct our delegates from being run down by an unknown tug.

Obituary.

NEW YORK, April 25.-John Mack, who for many years was very prominent in his term of office was collector of internal daughters married W. Bourke Cockran in

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.-Rev. D. F. prominent in Congregational circles, hav-

Colombian Rebels Victorious. CARACAS, Venezuela, April 25 .- A German steamer which has arrived at La-United States Senate, in which he has so tionists are masters of Carthagena, the long served the people with such dis-

MOUTHY ALLEN O. MYERS ATTEMPTS TO ALARM DEMOCRATS.

Refers to Goebel's Death and Predicts Bryan Will Never Be Permitted in White House.

MR. SANFORD FOR GOVERNOR

NOMINATED BY THE ALABAMA DEM-OCRATIC CONVENTION.

Falls Instructed to Vote for

W. J. Bryan.

WICHITA, Kan., April 25.-Allen O. Myers, of Ohio, responding to a toast at the banquet of the Sunflower League of Kansas, following William J. Bryan, created a sensation by his utterances. Mr. Bryan did not finish his speech until after 1 o'clock this morning. Mr. Myers drew a dark picture. The country was fast racing to destruction, said he, and Mark Hanna, William McKinley and Great Britain were driving it.

Then, suddenly turning toward Mr. Bryan, the speaker exclaimed: "You may be elected, sir, by a million majority, but they will not permit you to take your presidential chair. Look at the fate of William Goebel. Men whose pastime is bribery find in murder an amusement. Ohio was bought in 1896, the country was bought, it will be bought again in 1900, and Mark Hanna's reward for it is a seat in the United States Senate."

The masses of the country would continue to permit the encroachments on the classes, concluded Mr. Myers, until finally too late for a restoration of rights by the details of a fight on April 16, in which | ballot. Then the sword and gun, violence,

ALABAMA DEMOCRATS.

Sanford Nominated for Governor at

Yesterday's Convention. MONTGOMERY. Ala., April 25.-The Democratic State convention this afternoon nominated Hon. W. J. Sanford, for Governor and adjourned until to-morrow. The names of Charles E. Waller and Jesse E. Stallings were also presented to the convention for the nomination, but before the result of the third ballot was announced they were withdrawn and Sanford's nomination was made unanimous. There are yet to be nominated candidates for attorney general, secretary of state, superin tendent of education, auditor, treasurer and commissioner of agriculture and delegates to the national convention. For the first three offices there is no opposition, the pomination of the present incumbents being practically assured. For the others there will be a hard fight. There are three candidates for treasurer, five for auditor and six for commissioner of agricul-

The convention, which was more largely attended than any other held in the State in years, was called to order by Hon. Robert J. Lowe, chairman of the State committee. W. P. Pickard was made temporary chairman and F. S. White, of Jefferson, who successfully managed Senator Morgan's candidacy for re-election was made permanent chairman. The day ses sion was spent in speechmaking and nomi nations were not reached until to-night. The platform to be adopted will indorse Bryan for President, will reaffirm the Chicago declarations of 1896 and warmly in dorses Senator Morgan's course in Con-

INSTRUCTED FOR BRYAN.

Kansas Populist Delegation Will Vote

for the Nebraskan. CLAY CENTER, Kan., April 24.-The Populist State central committee, called to select eighty-four delegates to the national convention at Sioux Falls, to-day instructed the delegation to vote solidly for William J. Bryan for President.

At the close of the meeting the delegates proceeded to the depot to greet Mr. Bryan, who came in from the Wichita banquet on a special train. Fifty thousand people escorted the Nebraskan to the city square and cheered him heartily as he spoke on the issues of the day.

In the convention during the vote or delegates, George Easterwood, of Kansas City, said he had heard that Democrats would spend \$10,000,000 in the Kansas City convention to beat Bryan. Judge Pfost asked what the Kansas delegates should do if there should be a move to adjourn the Sioux Falls convention until after the Kansas City convention to see who the Democrats would name.

W. F. Green, of Wichita, favored nom-inating Samuel M. Jones, of Ohio, for Vice President. He thought with Toledo's mayor on the ticket Ohio and Michigan would be lost to the Republicans. "Nominate Bryan and Jones," he said "and your campaign is over." The proposition to indorse Jones for the second place on the ticket was making

rapid progress when Albert Griffin declared that Jones was not eligible because he is not a native born citizen of the United States, and this ended the talk in that direction. "If you adjourn to Kansas City," Griffith continued, "you will do nothing but what the Democratic bosses tell you to do. The Populist party is in danger. If you become a tail to the Democratic kite this year the Populist party is gone forever." Colonel J. J. Donaldson advised the convention to tell its delegates to go to Sioux

Falls and adjourn the convention to Kansas City. "Then," said he, "let them do the best they can and may God help them.' The delegation was finally unanimously instructed for Bryan.

Three Women Delegates.

FLORENCE, Col., April 25 .- Only twentyseven of the fifty-seven counties in Colorado were represented in the state convention of the People's party, which met here to-day. Leo Vincent, of Boulder, and J. D. Chamberlin, of Pueblo, were selected as members of the national committee. There were three women delegates-Mrs. Dora Phelps Buella, Mrs. Olive M. Bacon and Mrs. Sue M. Callahan. Delegates were selected for the Sioux Falls convention. They were instructed for W. J. Bryan.

Kentucky Bryan Populists.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 25 .- A meeting of Populist leaders of this State who favor fusion with the Democrats, was held here to-day. Fourteen delegates to the national convention at Sioux Falls, May 9, were selected and resolutions were adopted re-affirming the declarations of the national convention at St. Louis, in 1896; denouncing trusts; favoring an income tax and the election of United States senators by direct vote and indorsing William J. Bryan for the presidential nomination.

Proper Motion. New York Mail and Express.

It is moved and seconded that Mrs. Dewey be henceforth omitted from the discussion. She isn't eligible to the office any-

Difference Is Marked. San Francisco Chronicle. There is a deadlock in both parties re-

specting the vice presidency, but the causes

are different. The Republican kite is of-fered an embarrassment of talls, while the Democratic balloon d'essai cannot find a money bag heavy enough to counterbalance the gas.

CHOATE MAKES A SPEECH.

The American Ambassador Provokes Laughter and Cheers.

LONDON, April 25 .- The diplomatic representatives of the United States, Germany, China, Greece, Servia and the Netherlands were present this evening at the annual Easter banquet of the lord mayor of London. The Duke of Cambridge and the Australian federation delegates were also of the company.

The chief feature of the function was the

warm reception given Joseph H. Choate,

who responded to the toast, "The Ambassador." He was greeted with vociferous applause; and his speech, although chiefly in a humorous vein, was punctuated with a Kansas Populist Delegation to Sioux | few serious remarks that turned the tide of laughter into hearty cheering. "I con-sider," he said, "speaking on behalf of my brother ambassadors, that our highest duty and greatest pleasure is to cultivate the friendly relations of our several countries with Great Britain, so as to avoid the possibility of a resort to war.' He went on to speak of the contributions made by Berlin and other capitals to the famine fund, adding: "I will not indulge in any loud professions of good will to-night. Actions speak louder than words, and actions like these (referring to the Indian famine contributions) show the feelings of the nations toward England. I hope that all the countries represented here in peace will continue so, and I hope that all the world may become so animated by the ef-

fects of the present as to do away with the

will succeed Mr. Hay as secretary of state.

possibility of conflict.'

Concessions to Americans. PARIS, April 25.-American sculptors will have a prominent display in the most conspicuous site in Paris through a con-Place de la Concorde of specimens of the | follows: sculpture which has been entered for competition for the prizes of the exposition. Success has also attended the efforts of Commisisoner Peck to secure a desirable space for exposing the exhibits of American pomology. A building of large protions has been allotted to the United States and the stars and stripes now float over it. Fresh fruit will be placed there on the arrival of each steamer from America and the building will contain all American products from Maine to California.

Victoria to Leave Ireland To-Day.

DUBLIN, April 25.-Queen Victoria spent what is practically her last day in Ireland very quietly. Though she drove out this afternoon she did not visit any institutions. Her Majesty will leave the vice-regal lodge at noon to-morrow and after a short train ourney to Kingstown, will embark on poard the royal yacht and, escorted by the channel fleet, will sail for England an hour later. It is expected the Queen will arrive at Windsor, Friday morning.

Cable Notes. The international tuberculosis conference was opened at Nice yesterday. Dr. Baccellie delivered the inauguration speech and a delegate from each country represented at the congress followed. The budget committee of the German Reichstag yesterday resumed debate on the naval bill, the question involved being the experience of imposing protective duties as a means of providing for the

TENEMENT HOUSE FIRE.

proposed outlay.

Three Children Suffocated and Three Persons Injured While Escaping.

NEW YORK, April 25.-Three persons were killed and three severely injured in fire early this morning in the six-story tenement, 74 Forsythe street. The dead

HAINAH LIEBOWITZ, thirteen years

AMELIE LIEBOWITZ, eleven years old. The injured are: Simon Liebowitz, thirtyeight years old, father of the children; Dora Liebowitz, three and one-half years old, and Michael Rouschbaum, sixty-three years old. The injured persons burned about the face and hands, while

making their escape. One of them is seriously injured. illding in which the fire occurred s a typical East Side tenement, four famlies living on a floor. There were many thrilling escapes and brave rescues by the firemen and police. The children who lost their lives were overcome by smoke on the upper floor before they could reach the window. When the firemen succeeded in getting into the top floor they found bodies of the children. All had been suffocated, but their bodies were blackened by the flames. The damage to the building

was about \$10,000.

Loss of About \$250,000. PHILADELPHIA, April 25.-Fire which started on the top floor of J. W. McCausland's paper spool manufactory, at No. 227 Church street, to-night, spread to adjoining property and before the flames had been under control did tent of about \$250,000. From the McCausland building, only the two upper floors of which were damaged, the fire spread to the nine-story brick building in the rear, on Filbert street, used by John & James Dobson, manufacturers of carpets, as a warehouse for the storage of woolens and carpets. The building was formerly used as a sugar refinery, and all of the nine floors were thoroughly saturated with sugar and molasses and the flames spread quickly to every floor. The Dobsons' loss will reach about \$200,000; McCausland's loss will be about \$25,000; Fisher, Bruce & Co., wholesale chinaware, and Fleming & Chaplain,

wholesale spool cotton, \$25,000.

Tobacco Warehouse Burned. LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 25 .- Fire tonight destroyed the large tobacco warehouse of W. S. Matthews & Sons at Duncan and Sixteenth streets. Loss on stock estimated at \$125,000; on building, \$50,000; the fire is unknown.

A Siege Dinuer Party.

New York Commercial Advertiser. A woman who was in Kimberley during the siege describes a dinner at which the "guests comprised all the city magnates, and the menu consisted of bread and jam." At the beginning of the dinner a large ham was placed in front of Mr. Rhodes, who, however, went on contentedly munching schoolboy fare without appearing to notice the ham. At the close of the dinner, however, when the bread and jam had disappeared, Mr. Rhodes rose from his place and summoned a waiter to bring him a large piece of brown paper, in which he solemnly wrapped the ham. Then, turning to the other guests, he said words to this effect: "Gentlemen, we are well and strong; with your permission I will send this ham to the hospital, where the need of the patients is greater than ours." Food was obtained by tickets labeled "Kimberley Siege Soup, Town Hall Depot, two pints." Fobd tickets were issued in the same way, and long lines of men and women stood every day with jugs and cups waiting for their meager rations. One day keep it up. The most palpably idiotic camschool in Kimberley saw a dusty soldier riding across the veldt. They assumed he was a Christian brother with a message to Mr. Rhodes, but he passed the guards and rode down the street to the convent. The bishop, who was at the school, went out to ilm. "Who are you?" asked the bishop. "I am the son of the late Duke of Norfolk," said the grimy, weary soldier, and I came from Cape Town with news for the sister superior. Now, wasn't that picturesque? Quite like

one of the new historical romances. Loud Oats. Nebraska State Journal.

REPUBLICANS INDORSE M'KINLEY AND HIS ADMINISTRATION,

Choose Delegates to the Philadelphia Convention and Nominate

Two Electors.

SPEECH BY THE CHAIRMAN

MR. MONAHAN EXCORIATES DEMOC-RACY AND W. J. BRYAN.

Latter's Party an Unholy Alliance of Political Negation and Long-Whiskered Vagaries.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 25 .- The Reublican State convention to-day elected as delegates at large to the Republican national convention, Joseph B. Treat, H. August Leudtke, Isaac Stephenson and James H. Stout. Atley Peterson and A. G. Weissert were nominated as presidential electors at large. Resolutions indorsing both the national and State administration were unanimously adopted.

The correspondent of the Associated The convention met at noon in the Dav-Press learns that there is no foundation idson Theater in this city. It was called whatever for the rumor that Mr. Choate to order by Joseph H. Treat, chairman of the Republican central committee, who introduced James G. Monahan, of Darlington, as temporary chairman. Chairman Monahan, in a lengthy speech criticised William Jennings Bryan and said that if cession granted to John B. Caldwell, the the Republicans do their duty as they did American director of fine arts at the Paris in 1896, there can be but one result the exposition, by the French authorities. This | triumphant re-election of President Mcconcession permits the erection in the Kinley. Mr. Monahan spoke in parts as

"The Republicans of Wisconsin have assembled to-day to elect and instruct their delegation to vote for the renom tion of President McKinley. Several times during the history of our Nation an adsons for an indorsement by the people, but never before has there been more to commend and less to censure than in the present. In the coming fight we are to meet the same old foe-one that in ideas is three parts Populist and one part Democrat, but in numbers is three-fourths Democratic and one-fourth Populist-an unholy alliance of political negation and long-whiskered vagaries. They will nate W. J. Bryan, who, whether he is being appointed colonel of a silver regiment in the army before the close of the war. jaw in Florida, resigning his comm in the army beforet he close of the war. lassoing a panther in Texas or talking polltics to Chautauqua Assembly at so much per talk, is wrong on every question, and

is consistent only in his inconsistencies President McKinley will be renominated and, 98 in 1896, these men will oppose each other in the great contest of 1900. If the Republicans do their duty, as they did in 1896, there can be but one result—the triumphant re-election of President McKinley. There stands our leader, and there, speaking for themselves, are his official acts. President McKinley has not only kept faith with the people by fulfilling ante-election pledges, but has grandly risen to meet new conditions and unlooked-for conditions. He has been weighed in the balance of public opinion and found not wanting. His administration will live in history as one of the brightest and best in

the annals of history. At the conclusion of Mr. Monahan's speech, committees on resolutions and permanent organization were appointed and a recess taken until 2:30 p. m. After recess the temporary organization was made permanent and the chairman of the committee on resolutions announced that his commit-

tee had agreed on the following report: "We reaffirm the principles popularly ap-proved and indorsed at the last national convention and commended and justified by subsequent events. We are gratified that experience neither constrains us to recede from the high position then taken on questions before the country nor to subnate views then vehemently supported to meet the exigencies of a new campaign. "We hereby express our profound gratifi-cation that the present Congress of the United States, conformable to these principles by formal legislative enactment, has

established as a permanent standard of value the gold coin of the Nation. "We indorse the strong, brilliant and progressive administration of our Presilent, William McKinley, under which our national domain has been enlarged, new justre added to our arms and unparalleled ncrease of wealth and prosperity secured to the country; and we rely upon our party to deal with and solve the problems that have come to us as a result of the Spanish war in a manner that will reflect credit upon the party and redound to the honor and strength of the Nation. The administration of Governor Schofield

H. C. Payne will undoubtedly be chosen at the Philadelphia convention to succeed himself as national committeeman for Wis-

WOLCOTT AND LODGE

To Be Temporary and Permanent

Chairmen of National Convention. CHICAGO, April 25 .- A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: "Senator Edward Wolcott, of Colorado, is to be temporary chairman of the Republican national convention at Philadelphia and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge is to be permanent chairman of the same. These selections have been made by the Republican national committee."

Massachusetts Republicans.

BOSTON, April 25 .- The absence of any sort of contest at the Republican State convention to-morrow probably accounts for lack of interest. The following delegates at large to the national convention will probably be elected by acclamation: Senator Lodge, Congressman McCall, William B. Plunkett and Walter W. Clifford. fully covered by insurance. The origin of | The name of Secretary Long will be presented to the convention as a candidate for the vice presidency, and the delegates will be urged to support him. The platform will indorse the administration, urge the renomination of President McKinley and will say nothing of the attitude of Senator Hoar on the new possesions.

> elected as delegates to the national convention, Hon. Newell Sanders of Chatta-nooga, and T. W. Peace, of Madisonville,

Instructed for McKinley.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 25.-The

Third congressional district Republican

convention of Tennessee in this city to-day

Resolutions were adopted instructing for McKinley and indorsing the administration of Pension Cimmissioner Evans. Should Keep It Up. Minneapolis Journal. The St. Paul Globe talks about "Emperor McKinley and his throne." The idea which it seeks to convey, of course, is that the President is playing the role of emperor.

It is to be hoped that the Democrats will

None at All

Baltimore American. While there is a natural sympathy for the feelings of the Duke of Arcos in the matter of the Dewey day Chicago invitation, there does not seem to be any necessity for gushy statesmen making it appear that we are sorry about that little affair

at Manila. Harking Back.

Chicago News. Ex-Senator David B. Hill has arisen from somewhere to say that Admiral Dewey's announcement for the presidency is six months too late. The only question is, is Hill sufficiently up to date to judge? If you put your ear to the ground you can hear the oats grow. Stand up for Ne-